SAFETY DATA SHEET



7300 Combi-Color Gold

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: 7300 Combi-Color Gold
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
UFI	: 8EQ0-70PN-C00J-GD5P

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified	l uses	
Consumer use Industrial use Professional use			
	Uses advised against	Reason	
None identified.		-	

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Rust-Oleum Europe - Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200 Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201 e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +44 (0) 207 858 1228
Hours of operation	: 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	 P103 - Read label before use. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves and eye protection: nitrile rubber gloves and safety glasses with side-shields. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P235 - Keep cool. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	 P391 - Collect spillage. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	 hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics; (Z)alpha (3-Carboxy-1-oxo-2-propenyl)omegahydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)alkyl(C9-11) ethers; neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt and maleic anhydride
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	 This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			Classification	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
copper	REACH #: 01-2119480154-42 EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
zincpowder, stabilised	REACH #: 01-2119467174-37 EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6 Index: 030-001-01-9	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1] [2]
trizinc bis (orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
(Z)alpha(3-Carboxy- 1-oxo-2-propenyl) omegahydroxypoly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) alkyl(C9-11) ethers	CAS: 709014-50-6	≤1	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
zinc oxide Ó	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤0,3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	REACH #: 01-2119970733-31 EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	≤0,3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	≤0,1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (inhalation) EUH071	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

				See See H state		full text of the above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Туре</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains (Z)-.alpha.-(3-Carboxy-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)alkyl(C9-11) ethers, neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt, maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

SECTION 4: First aid measures

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation watering redness
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immedia	ate	e medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefigh	tin	g measures
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	1	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	fron	n the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information	1	No unusual hazard if involved in a fire.
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 23/06/2020 Date of previous issue : 12/11/2018 Version : 4 5/20

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

		Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Date of issue/Date of revision	When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all : 23/06/2020 Date of previous issue : 12/11/2018 Version : 4 6/20
Date of Issue/Date of revision	: 23/06/2020 Date of previous issue : 12/11/2018 Version : 4 6/.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

r specific : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
copper	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 15 minutes. Form: Dusts and Mists
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists
	TWA: 0,2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes,	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007).
< 2% aromatics	STEL: 850 mg/m ³ , (as turpentine (150 ppm)) 15 minutes. Form:
	Vapour
	TWA: 566 mg/m ³ , (as turpentine (100 ppm)) 8 hours. Form:
	Vapour
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes,	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007).
< 2% aromatics	STEL: 850 mg/m ³ , (as turpentine (150 ppm)) 15 minutes. Form:
	Vapour
	TWA: 566 mg/m ³ , (as turpentine (100 ppm)) 8 hours. Form:
	Vapour
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation
	sensitiser.
	TWA: 0,1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 23/06/2020 Da	te of previous issue : 12/11/2018 Version : 4 7/20

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

maleic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation
	sensitiser.
	STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	DNEL	Long term Dermal	208 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	871 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	185 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
zincpowder, stabilised	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	[Consumers] Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2,5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	50 mg/day	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5000 mg/ day	Workers	Local
xylene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65,3 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2,5 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic

ECTION 8: Expos	ure controls/p	ersonal prote	ction		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2,5 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
zincpowder, stabilised	Fresh water	20,6 µg/l	-
	Marine	6,1 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	52 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	118 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	56,5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	35,6 mg/kg dwt	-
xylene	Fresh water	0,327 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
,	Marine water	0,327 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Sewage Treatment	6,58 mg/l	-
	Plant	<i>,</i> 3	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Fresh water	48,1 µg/l	-
	Marine	14,2 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	550,2 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	263,9 mg/kg	-
	Soil	249,4 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	121,4 µg/l	-
	Plant		
zinc oxide	Fresh water	25,6 µg/l	-
	Marine	7,6 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	64,7 µg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	146 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	70,3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	44,3 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Date of issue/Date of revision	Date	of issu	e/Date	of revis	ion
--------------------------------	------	---------	--------	----------	-----

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash
	goggles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields. (EN 166)

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves	:	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
		Recommended: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.5mm) The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN 374
		The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Wear overalls or long sleeved shirt. (EN 1149-1)
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (EN 140)
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23/06/2020 Date of previous issue	: 12/11/2018	Version	:4	10/20
Melting point/freezing point	: -20°C				
рН	: Not available.				
Odour threshold	: Not available.				
Odour	: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]				
Colour	: Various				
Physical state	: Liquid.				
<u>Appearance</u>					
9.1 Information on basic physic	cal and chemical properties				

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and boiling range	>160°C	_
Flash point	Closed cup: 40°C [ISO EN DIN 1523 / DIN 53213-1]	
Evaporation rate	0,2 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	 Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flame sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. 	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower: 0,6% Upper: 8%	
Vapour pressure	0,7 kPa [room temperature]	
Vapour density	>1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	0,97 to 1,32	
Solubility(ies)	Partially soluble in the following materials: acetone. Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	250°C	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Dynamic (room temperature): 1500 to 2200 mPa·s Kinematic (40°C): 1,9 cm²/s	
Explosive properties	Non-explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts.	
Oxidising properties	Not available.	

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.		
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire, toxic gases including CO, CO2 and smoke can be generated.		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2%				
aromatics				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	29091 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4,2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	5000 mg/m ³	4 hours
iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2%				
aromatics				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5,7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	2500 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15 g/kg	_
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	1098 mg/kg	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Acute toxicity estimates

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

ies Score	Exposure	Observation
-	72 hours 300	-
	Micrograms	
	Intermittent	
-	87 milligrams	-
-	24 hours 5	-
	milligrams	
-	8 hours 60	-
	microliters	
-	24 hours 500	-
	milligrams	
-	100 Percent	-
-	-	-
-	24 hours 500	-
	milligrams	
-	24 hours 500	-
	milligrams	
-	1 Percent	-
		- 24 hours 500 milligrams

Skin Eyes : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name Route of Species Result exposure hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ skin Rabbit Not sensitizing iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics **Conclusion/Summary** Skin : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Mutagenicity Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Teratogenicity Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Category 1	-	-
maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
-	

Other information

: Not available. **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	EC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
copper	Acute IC50 5,4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - Plantae - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Acute NOEC 100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,23 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0,131 mg/l	Daphnia spec. Fish	-
zincpowder, stabilised	Acute EC50 106 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,572 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute LC50 107 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 182 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 27,3 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 59,2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna	21 davs
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 178 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemon elegans	21 days
xylene	Acute EC50 1,3 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
,	Acute LC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec.	24 hours
	Acute NOEC 0,44 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,96 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec.	21 days
nydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ so-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	4 hours
	Acute IC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae	4 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	4 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 5,7 mg/l	Daphnia spec ceriodaphnia	48 hours

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Acute IC50 1,87 mg/l	dubia Algae - selenastrum	72 hours
		capricornutum	
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0,024 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,137 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,413 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0,481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute IC50 46 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0,33 to 0,78 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,019 mg/l	Algae	7 days
	Chronic NOEC 0,037 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0,082 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	7 days
	Chronic NOEC 0,199 mg/l	Fish	30 days
maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary : Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	-	80 % - 28 days	-	-
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	OECD 301B	>80 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	OECD 301F	>80 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
xylene	-	90 % - Readily - 5 days	-	-
	OECD 301F	87,8 % - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	-	-	Readily
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	-	100%; < 28 day(s)	Readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Fresh water <28 days, 5 to 25°C	80%; < 28 day(s)	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	-	10 to 2500	high
hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	5 to 6.5	-	high
xylene	3,12	8.1 to 25.9	low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high
zinc oxide	-	177	low
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	high
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23/06/2020	Date of previous issue : 12/11/20	18 Version : 4 15/20

SECTION 12: Ecological information				
	maleic anhydride	-2,78	-	low
1	2.4 Mobility in soil			

Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	 This product is not likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its low vapour pressure.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	:	Yes.
Disposal considerations	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances		
08 01 11*			
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 		
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		

SECTION 14: Transport	t information
------------------------------	---------------

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint. [copper]	Paint. [copper]	Paint. Marine pollutant [copper]	Paint. [copper]
14.3 Transport	3	3	3	3
hazard class(es)				
14.4 Packing group		111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	Remarks: This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.2.3.1.5.2. ADR Tunnel code: (D/ E)		Emergency schedules (EmS): F-E + <u>S-E</u> Viscous substance exemption This class 3 viscous liquid that is also environmentally hazardous is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 5 L, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 according to 2.3.2.5.	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 10 L Packaging instructions: Y 344

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Other EU regulations	
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: IIA/i. One-pack performance coatings. EU limit value for this product : 500g/l (2010.) This product contains a maximum of 477 g/l VOC.
Europe inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Listed
Ozone depleting substance	e <u>s (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.	

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category	
P5c E1	

National regulations

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt compounds	Carc.	-
References :	EH40/2005 Workplace	exposure limits		

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2016/918

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

CN code : 3208 10 90

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International lists

<u>lational inventory</u> Australia	: At least one component is not listed.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: At least one component is not listed.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: At least one component is not listed.
Philippines Republic of Korea	Not determined.At least one component is not listed.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number VPVB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	Not available.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	Expert judgment
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Expert judgment
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Expert judgment
STOT SE 3, H336	Expert judgment
Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Expert judgment

Full text of H-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3

Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226 H302 H304 H312 H314	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H315	15Causes skin irritation.17May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H317	
	H318	
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 23/06/2020 Date of	previous issue : 12/11/2018 Version : 4 19/20

SECTION 16: Other information				
		difficulties if inhaled.		
	H335			
		May cause respiratory irritation.		
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or		
		repeated exposure.		
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or		
		repeated exposure.		
	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.		
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.		
	EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.		
Full text of classifications	Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4		
[CLP/GHS]	Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category		
	1	1		
	Aquatic Chronic 2	1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD -		
	Aquatic Chronic			
	A supetia Observia (
	Aquatic Chronic 2			
		Category 2		
	Aquatic Chronic 3			
		Category 3		
	Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
	Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1		
	Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2		
	Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3		
	Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1		
	Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B		
	Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2		
	Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1		
	Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A		
	STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED		
		EXPOSURE - Category 1		
	STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED		
		EXPOSURE - Category 2		
	STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE		
	3101 3E 3			
		EXPOSURE - Category 3		
Date of printing	: 23/06/2020			
Date of issue/ Date of	: 23/06/2020			
revision				
Date of previous issue	: 12/11/2018			
Version	: 4			
Notice to reader				

Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.